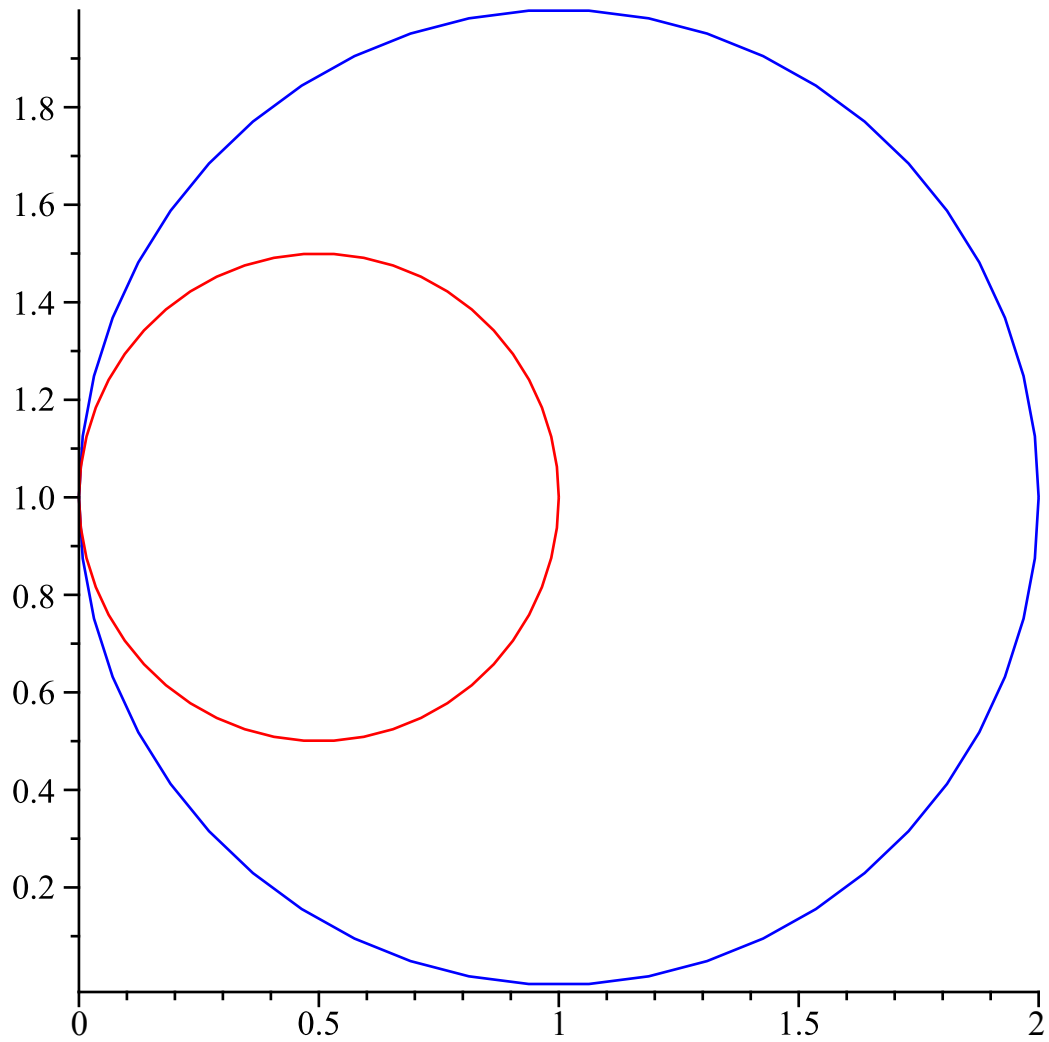
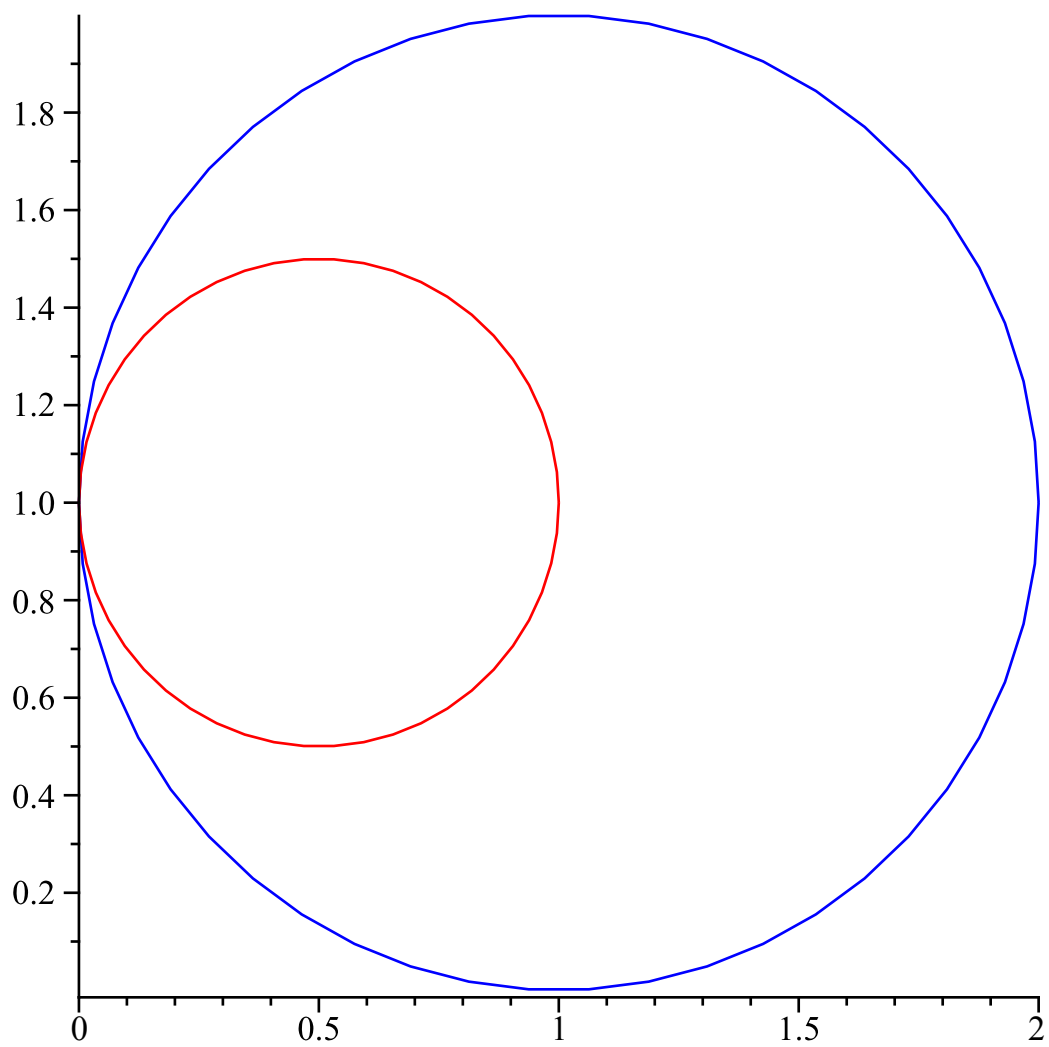


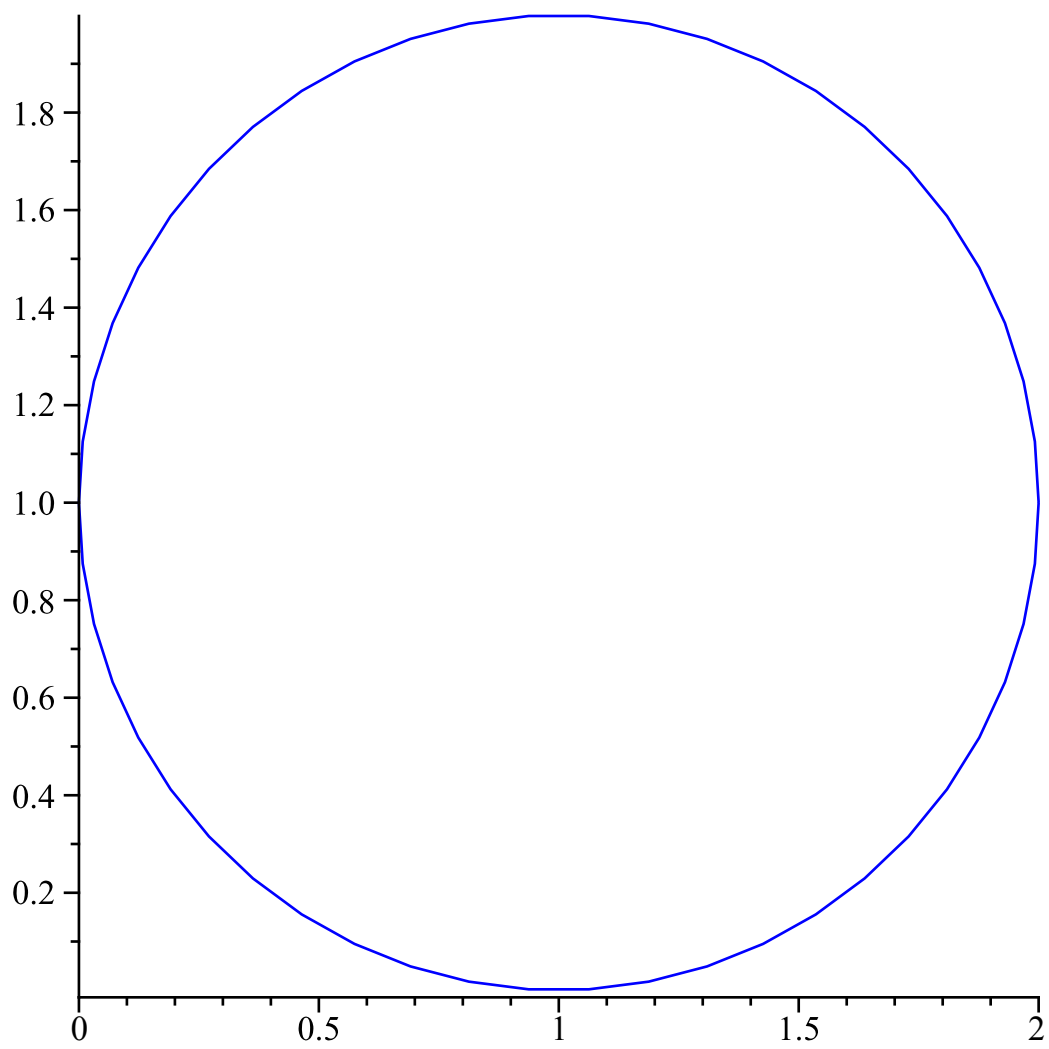
Jalaseh-4-G1

```
> with(plottools):  
> c1 := circle([1,1], 1, color=blue):  
  c2 := circle([1/2,1], 1/2, color=red):  
> display(c1,c2);
```

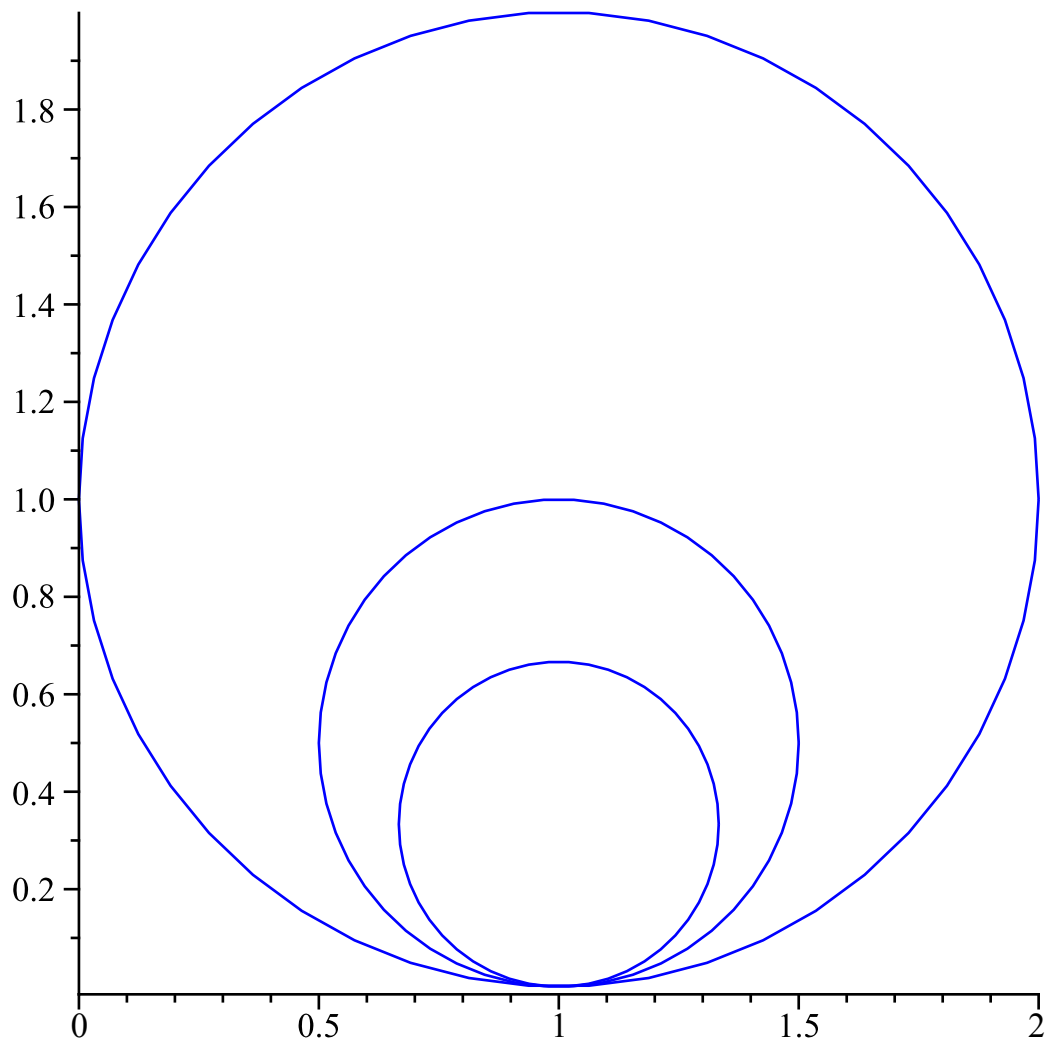




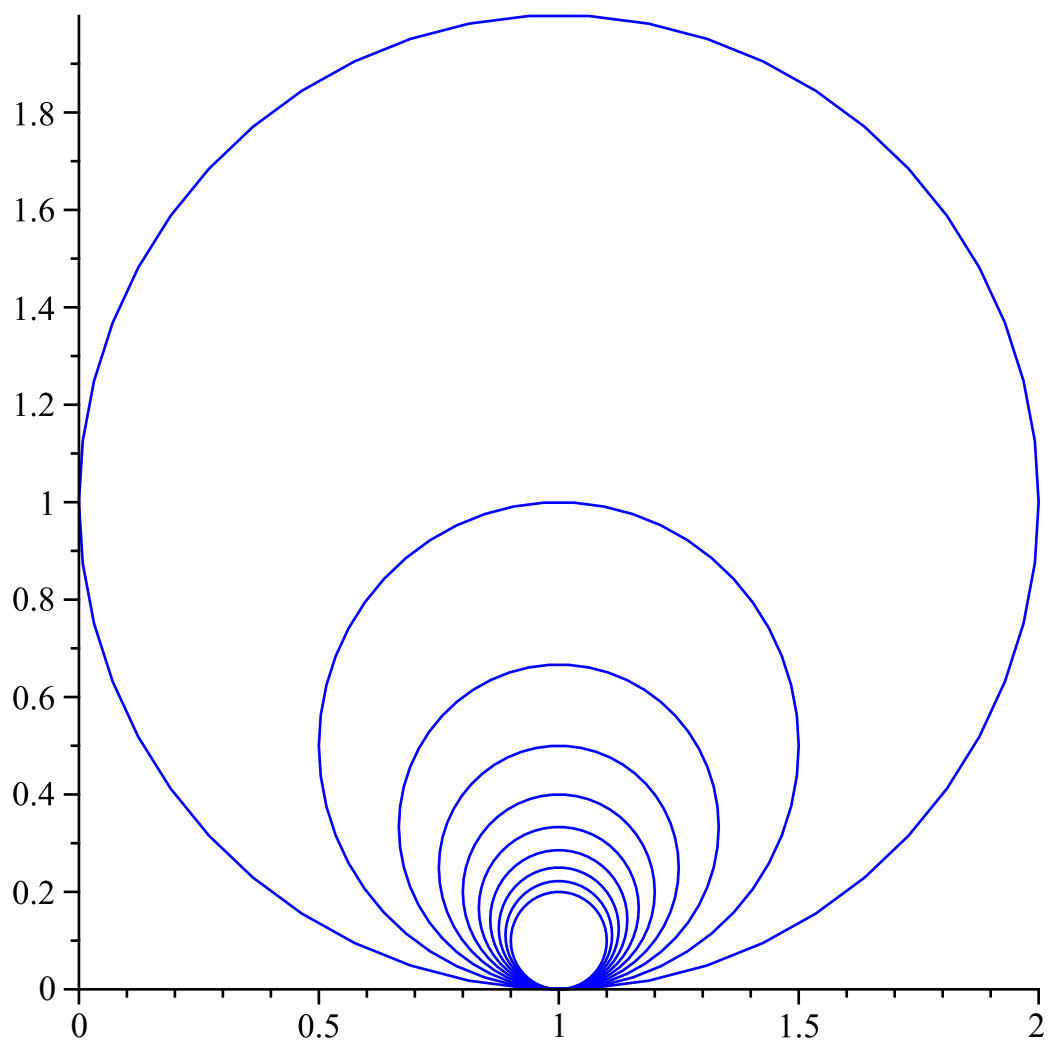
```
> for k from 1 to 10 do  
  c[k]:=circle([1,1/k], 1/k, color=blue):  
od:  
> display(c[1]);
```



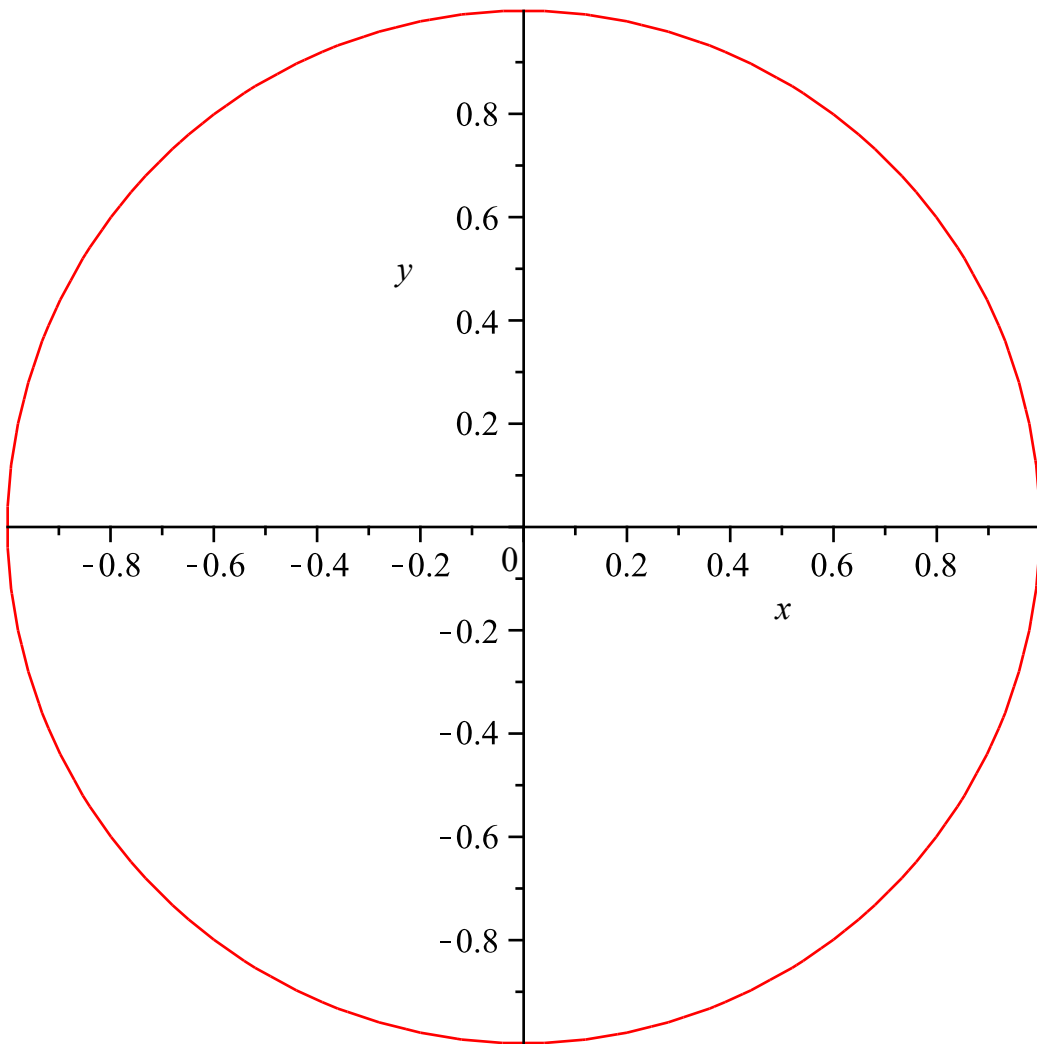
```
> display(c[1], c[2], c[3]);
```



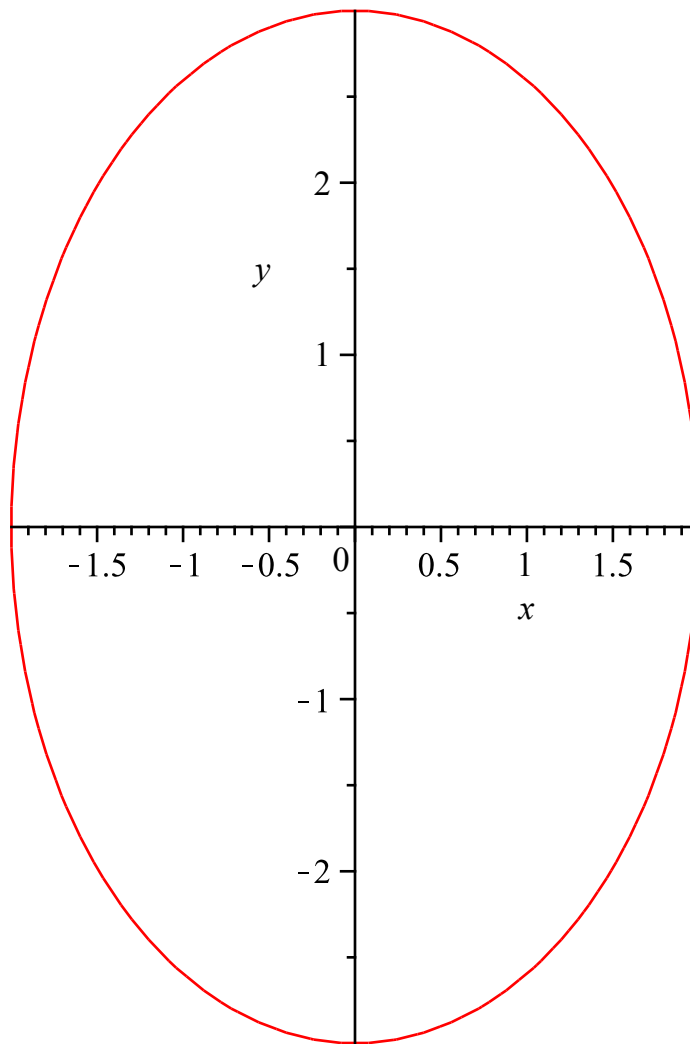
```
> display(seq(c[k], k=1..10));
```



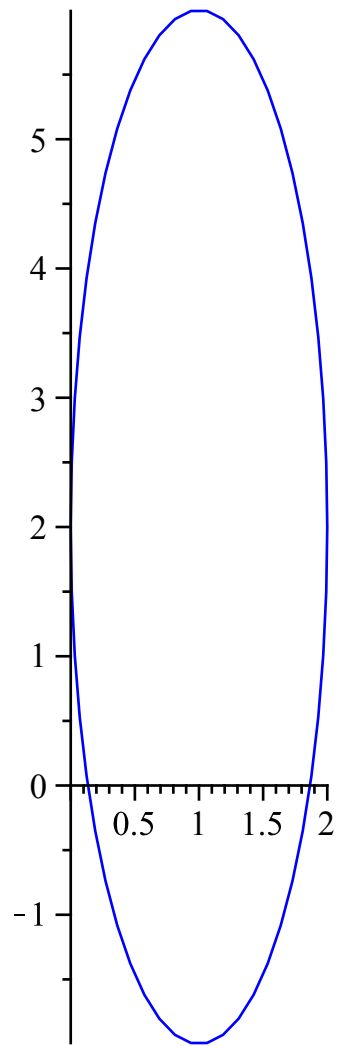
`> implicitplot(x2 + y2 = 1, x=-1 ..1, y=-1 ..1);`



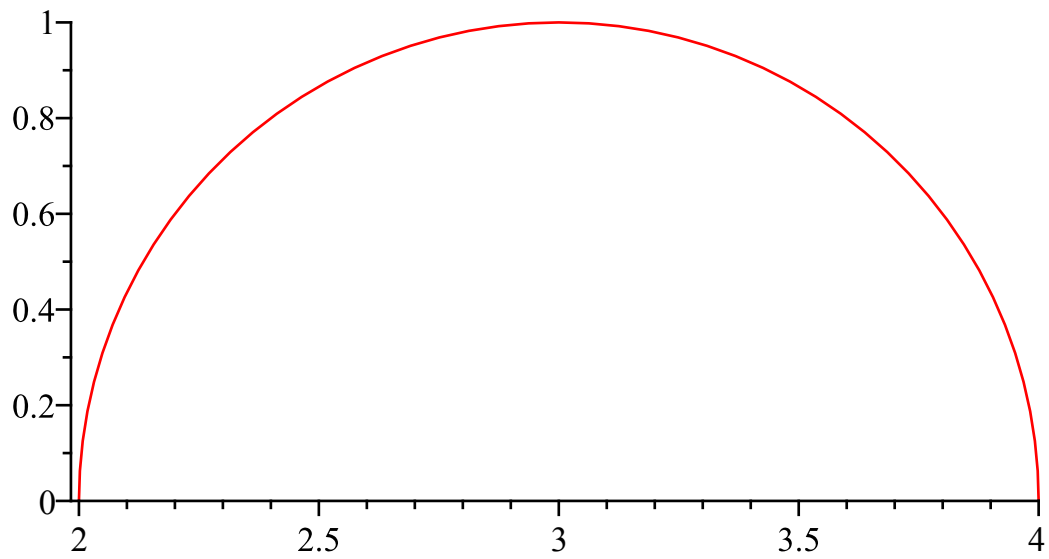
> `implicitplot($\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$, x = -2 .. 2, y = -3 .. 3, scaling = constrained);`



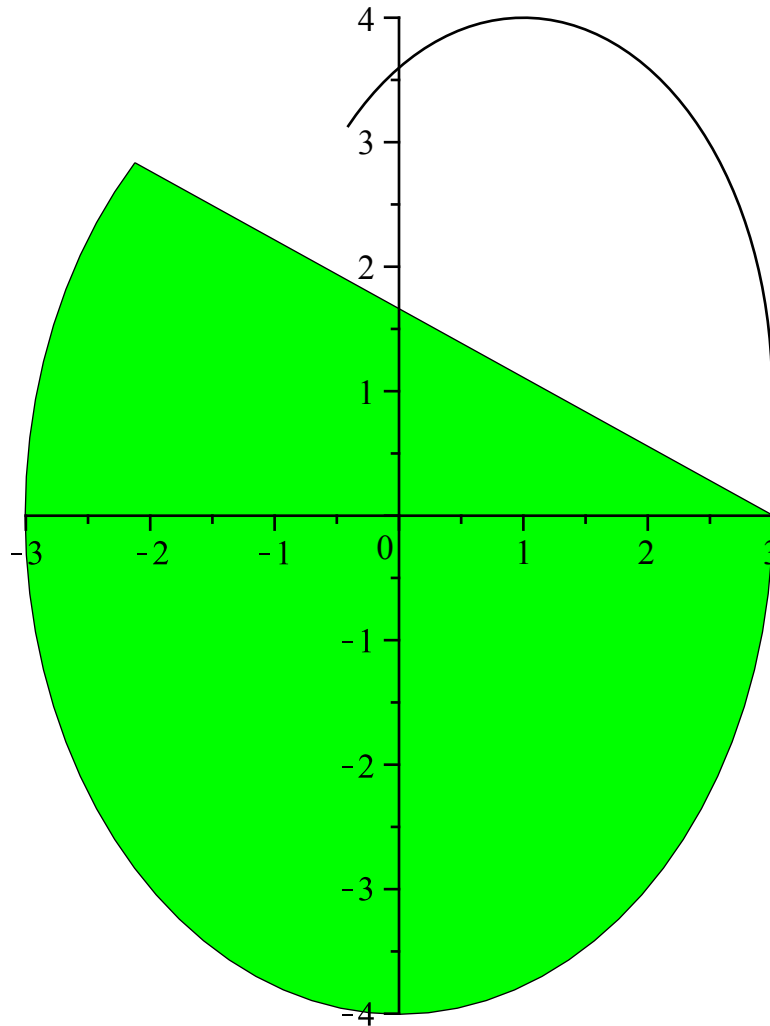
```
> with(plottools) :  
> e1 := ellipse([1, 2], 1 , 4 , color = blue):  
> display(e1, scaling = constrained);
```



```
> a := arc([3, 0], 1, 0..Pi):  
display(a, color=red, scaling=constrained);
```

```
> c := ellipticArc([1,1], 2, 3, 0..3*Pi/4):  
d := ellipticArc([0,0], 3, 4, 3*Pi/4..2*Pi, filled=true, color=  
green):  
> display(c, d, scaling=constrained);
```



> $\text{Limit}(\sin(x)/x, x=0) = \text{limit}(\sin(x)/x, x=0);$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin(x)}{x} \right) = 1 \quad (1)$$

> $\text{Limit}\left(\frac{(y-4 \cdot \text{sqrt}(y+3))}{(y^2-1)}, y=1, \text{left}\right) = \text{limit}\left(\frac{(y-4 \cdot \text{sqrt}(y+3))}{(y^2-1)}, y=1, \text{left}\right);$

$$\lim_{y \rightarrow 1^-} \left(\frac{y-4\sqrt{y+3}}{y^2-1} \right) = \infty \quad (2)$$

> $\text{Limit}\left(\frac{\left(\left(1+h\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}-1\right)}{h}, h=0\right) = \text{limit}\left(\frac{\left(\left(1+h\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}-1\right)}{h}, h=0\right);$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{(1+h)^{(1/3)} - 1}{h} \right) = \frac{1}{3} \quad (3)$$

> $\text{Limit}\left(\frac{(\text{root}[3](1+h)-1)}{h}, h=0\right) = \text{limit}\left(\frac{(\text{root}[3](1+h)-1)}{h}, h=0\right);$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{(1+h)^{(1/3)} - 1}{h} \right) = \frac{1}{3} \quad (4)$$

> $\text{Limit}(\text{sqrt}(x^2+2 \cdot x) + x, x=-\text{infinity}) = \text{limit}(\text{sqrt}(x^2+2 \cdot x) + x, x=-\text{infinity});$



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (\sqrt{x^2 + 2x} + x) = -1$$

(5)