

$$Re = \frac{2,5 \times 10^{-2} \times 10^{-2} \times 5}{10^{-6}} = 1250 \rightarrow \text{جریان لaminar} < 2100$$

$$\Delta P = \frac{32 \mu L V}{D^2} = \frac{32 \times 10^{-6} \times 1 \times 2,5 \times 10^{-2}}{25 \times 10^{-4}} = 0,32 \text{ Pa} \checkmark$$

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کتابچه 2 (5)

$$0,025 = \frac{3,14 \times 10^{-2} V_C}{8} \rightarrow V_C = 6,36$$

$$\hookrightarrow Q = \frac{\pi D^2 V_C}{8}$$

$$6,36 = \left[1 - \left(\frac{3}{5} \right)^2 \right] = 4,1 \checkmark$$

$$V_C = \left[1 - \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^2 \right]$$

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کتابچه 2 (11)

$$P_2 + \gamma_o (z_2 + \alpha) - \gamma_{hg} \alpha - \gamma_{oil} z_1 = P_1$$

$$\frac{\Delta P}{\gamma_{oil}} - \Delta z = h_f =$$

$$h_f = \alpha \left(\frac{\gamma_{hg} - \gamma_{oil}}{\gamma_{oil}} \right) = 0,11 \left(\frac{13,6 - 0,8}{0,8} \right) \quad \alpha \left(\frac{\gamma_{hg} - \gamma_{oil}}{\gamma_{oil}} \right)$$

$$h_f = 1,59 \text{ m} \quad h_f = f \frac{L}{D} \frac{V^2}{2g} = 1,59 \rightarrow 1,59 \times \frac{0,05}{10} \times \frac{2 \times 9,81}{(1,2)^2} = f = 0,108$$

$$f = \frac{64}{Re} \quad Re = \frac{64}{0,108} = 592 < 2100 \rightarrow \text{Poiseuille}$$

$$h_f = \frac{32 \mu L V}{\gamma D^2} \rightarrow \mu = \frac{0,8 \times 9810 \times (0,05)^2 \times 1,59}{32 \times 10 \times 1,2} = 0,0812 \text{ Pa.s} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\tau_o = \frac{\rho f V^2}{8} = \frac{1,2 \times 0,102 \times 10}{8} = 0,13 \text{ Pa}$$

الزينة (46)

$$\frac{P_A}{\gamma} + \alpha_A \frac{V_A^2}{2g} + z_A + h_f = \frac{P_B}{\gamma} + \alpha_B \frac{V_B^2}{2g} + z_B + h_e$$

$$h_f = h_f - \frac{P_A}{\gamma} \rightarrow 0,102 \times \frac{2000}{0,4} \times \frac{1,59}{2 \times 10} - \frac{50000}{104} + 25 = 32,64$$

$$P = \gamma Q h_f = 10 \times 0,2 \times 32,64 = 65,28 \text{ kN}$$

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$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} + \frac{v_1^2}{2g} + z_1 + h_p = \frac{P_3}{\gamma} + \frac{v_3^2}{2g} + z_3 + h_4 \rightarrow \frac{P}{\gamma} + \frac{v^2}{2g} + 0 + h_p = \frac{P}{\gamma} + \frac{v^2}{2g} \quad ; \quad \boxed{V-VI} \text{ سوال}$$

$$+0.8 + h_4 \rightarrow h_p = 0.8 + h_4 = 0.8 + \left(f \frac{L}{D} + \sum \right) \frac{v^2}{2g} \rightarrow \frac{\sum}{D} = \frac{(0.003)}{20} = 0.0015 \quad (5)$$

$$f = 0.0265 \rightarrow Re = \frac{vD}{\mu} = \frac{(0.955)(0.02)}{5.47 \times 10^{-7}} = 3.5 \times 10^4 \rightarrow h_p = 0.8 + \left[0.0265 \times \frac{2}{0.02} + 19(0.32) \right]$$

$$\times \frac{(0.955)^2}{2 \times 9.81} \rightarrow \boxed{h_p = 2.31 \text{ m}} \rightarrow \dot{W}_p = \gamma Q h_p = (9810) \times 3 \times 10^{-4} \times 2.3 = 6.8 \text{ W}$$

$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} + \frac{v_1^2}{2g} + z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\gamma} + \frac{v_2^2}{2g} + z_2 + h_f + h_m \rightarrow 0 + 0 + z_1 = 0 + 0 + 0 + \quad ; \quad \boxed{V-VI} \text{ سوال}$$

$$\left(f \frac{L}{D} + \sum_{i=1}^4 K_m \right) \frac{v^2}{2g} \rightarrow 2 = \left\{ f \frac{14}{0.1} + (0.5 + 2(1.5) + 0.15 + 1) \right\} \frac{v^2}{2 \times 9.81} \rightarrow v = \sqrt{\frac{39.24}{140f + 4.65}}$$

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{39.24}{140(0.002) + 4.65}} = 2.3 \rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{\sum}{D} = \frac{0.0045}{20} = 0.00045 \\ Re = \frac{vD}{\mu} = \frac{2.3 \times 0.1}{1.12 \times 10^{-6}} = 2.1 \times 10^5 \end{cases} \quad f = 0.0185 \quad (6)$$

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{39.24}{140(0.0185) + 4.65}} = 2.33 \rightarrow Re = \frac{2.33 \times 0.1}{1.12 \times 10^{-6}} = 2.1 \times 10^5 \quad f = 0.0184$$

$$v = \frac{2.33}{2} = 1.17 \quad Re = \frac{vD}{\mu} = \frac{1.17 \times 0.1}{1.12 \times 10^{-6}} = 1.1 \times 10^5 \quad f = 0.02$$

$$2 = \left\{ 0.02 \times \frac{14}{0.1} + [0.5 + 2(1.5) + K_{mv} + 1] \frac{(1.17)^2}{2(9.81)} \right\} \rightarrow K_{mv} = 21.4$$

$$Q = C Q_{ideal} = G \sqrt{\frac{2(P_1 - P_2)}{P(1 - \beta^4)}} = 0.98 \times \frac{\pi}{4} \times 0.03^2 \sqrt{\frac{2 \times 5 \times 10^3}{10^3 (1 - \frac{3}{5})}}$$

$$Q = 2.348 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}} \rightarrow v = \frac{Q}{A} \rightarrow \frac{2.348 \times 10^{-3}}{\frac{\pi}{4} (0.015)^2} = 1.2 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{V=100} \int \frac{1}{\rho} d\rho$$

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$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} + \frac{v_1^2}{2g} + z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\gamma} + \frac{v_2^2}{2g} + z_2 + h_f$$

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$$0 + 0 + 1 = 0 + 0 + 0 + f \frac{v^2}{D^5} \frac{(1/2\pi)^2}{14.11} \rightarrow \frac{f}{D^5} = 0.122$$

$$f = 0.122 \rightarrow D = 0.124 \text{ m}, \quad v = \frac{Q}{A} = \frac{0.122}{\pi (0.124)^2 / 4} = 1.12 \text{ m/s}$$

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$$E_p = \frac{1.12}{0.124} = 9.03 \text{ kV}$$

$$Re = \frac{vD}{\nu} = \frac{1.12 \times 0.124}{1.12 \times 10^{-6}} = 24 \times 10^4 \rightarrow f = 0.122 \rightarrow D = 0.124 \text{ m}, \quad v = \frac{Q}{A} = \frac{0.122}{\frac{\pi}{4} \times (0.124)^2} = 1.12$$

$$E_p = \frac{1.12}{0.124} = 9.03 \text{ kV}$$

$$\rightarrow f = 0.122$$

$$Re = \frac{1.12 \times 0.124}{1.12 \times 10^{-6}} = 24 \times 10^4$$

$$h_{LD} = h_{LD1} + h_{LD2}$$

$$\frac{h_{LD} Q^2}{g \pi D^5} = \frac{h_{LD1} Q^2}{g \pi d_1^5} + \frac{h_{LD2} Q^2}{g \pi d_2^5}$$

$$\frac{L}{D^5} = \frac{L_1}{d_1^5} + \frac{L_2}{d_2^5}$$

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$$L = D^5 \left(\frac{L_1}{d_1^5} + \frac{L_2}{d_2^5} \right)$$

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سرعت دایره با قطر $v_2 = Q/A_c = \frac{2 \times 10^{-4}}{\frac{\pi}{4} (0.03)^2} \approx 0.0028 \text{ m/s}$

(V-55)

عدد سرعت $= \frac{v_2}{v_g} = 0.0028 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$

معادله انرژی نیکی $h = \frac{v_2^2}{2g} + h_f$ $\rightarrow h_f = 0.1 - \frac{v_2^2}{2g} \approx 0.1 \text{ m}$
 افت هیدرولیک

$K = \frac{h_f}{\frac{v_2^2}{2g}} = \frac{0.1}{0.0028^2 / 2 \times 9.81} = 2.45 \times 10^5$

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۷-۹۸) گزینش) انتظار داریم جریان قطر $AB < AC$ دی نسبت متعلق به این لوله است.

$$Q_{AB} > Q_{AC} \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \text{ جهت جریان}$$

$$Q_{AB} + Q_{AC} = 1, \quad Q_{AB} - Q_{BC} = 0.1, \quad Q_{AC} + Q_{BC} = 0.1$$

$$\Delta H_{T(AC)} = \Delta H_{T_{AB}} + \Delta H_{BC} \text{ رابطه افت ها}$$

$$\text{رابطه داری} \rightarrow \frac{f L Q_{AC}^2}{12.1 D_{AC}^5} = \frac{f L Q_{AB}^2}{12.1 D_{AB}^5} + \frac{f L Q_{BC}^2}{12.1 D_{BC}^5} \rightarrow \frac{Q_{AC}^2}{D_{AC}^5} = \frac{Q_{BC}^2}{D_{BC}^5} + \frac{Q_{AB}^2}{D_{AB}^5}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{(0.1 - Q_{BC})^2}{D^5} = \frac{(0.1 + Q_{BC})^2}{(1.5D)^5} + \frac{Q_{BC}^2}{(1.2D)^5} \rightarrow Q_{BC} = 0.141 \frac{m^3}{s}$$

سپ فرض ما درست که جهت جریان از B به C است. (5)

7-22)

$$p_1/\rho + z_1 + \frac{v_1^2}{2g} = z_2 + p_2/\rho + \frac{v_2^2}{2g} + h_f$$

$$\Rightarrow z_1 - z_2 = \Delta z = h_f$$

فرض: $l = 64 / Re$

$$Re \leq 2000 \rightarrow v = \frac{2000 \times 0.05}{1192} = 0.04 \text{ m/s}$$

$$l = \frac{64}{2000} = 0.032$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta z = f \frac{l}{D} \frac{v^2}{2g} = 0.032 \frac{1609}{0.05} \frac{0.04^2}{2 \times 9.81} = 0.004 \text{ m}$$

$$\Delta z = 8.4 \text{ cm}$$